

**Перечень теоретических и практических заданий к
дифференцированному зачету
по СГ.02 Иностранный язык в профессиональной
деятельности
(3 курс, 6 семестр 2024-2025 уч. г.)**

Форма контроля: Контрольная работа (Опрос)

Описательная часть: По выбору выполнить 1 теоретическое задание и 1 практическое задание

Перечень теоретических заданий:

Задание №1

Вставьте нужный артикль:

1. A cat is ... small animal.
2. My brother can play... guitar.
3. There is ...girl asking for you.
4. I saw ... girl who lives nextdoor.
5. ... dinner is nice!
6. His wife is ... teacher.
7. ...sun rises in the East.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно употребил 7 артиклей.
4	Верно употребил 6 артиклей.
3	Верно употребил 4 артикля.

Задание №2

Выберите правильную степень прилагательного:

1. It is the day of my life.
a) happy b) happier c) happiest
2. It is very today

a) hot b) hotter c) hottest

3. The twenty-second of December is the day in a year.

a) short b) shorter c) shortest

4. The Neva is than the Moskva River.

a) deep b) deeper c) deepest

5. It is the day of the year.

a) cold b) colder c) coldest

6. A plane is than a train.

a) fast b) faster c) fastest

7. Moscow is the city in Russia.

a) large b) larger c) largest

8. He is the pupil in our class.

a) worst b) bad c) baddest

9. My new car is than my old one.

a) good b) gooder c) better

10. This test is than that one.

a) difficult b) difficulter c) more difficult

11. Siberia is than Spain.

a) more colder b) colder c) cold

12. She is than her sisters.

a) taller b) more tall c) tallest

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно выполнил 12 предложений.
4	Верно выполнил 10-11 предложений.
3	Верно выполнил 7-9 предложений.

Задание №3

Задание 1. Образуйте сравнительную/превосходную степень прилагательного, данного в скобках:

- 1) Winter is (cold) season.
- 2) Moscow is (old) than St.Petersburg.
- 3) What is (short) month in the year?
- 4) It was (bad) mistake I've ever made.
- 5) In summer the days are (long) than in winter.
- 6) It is (cold) today than it was yesterday.
- 7) The Russian grammar is (difficult) than the English one.
- 8) It was (good) film I've ever seen.
- 9) Steel is (strong) than wood.
- 10) Your house is not so (new) as mine.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Выполнил задание в 10 предложениях в соответствии с правилами лексики и грамматики.
4	Выполнил задание в 8-9 предложениях в соответствии с правилами лексики и грамматики.
3	Выполнил задание в 5-7 предложениях в соответствии с правилами лексики и грамматики.

Задание №4

Задание 2. Вставьте вместо пропусков глагол в Past Simple.

1. It was Monday yesterday. I... at about 7 o'clock. (to get up)
2. At 8.30 I... the house and... to the station. (to leave, to go)
3. 15 minutes to get there. (it takes me)
4. I ... the 9 o'clock train and ... to the city at 9.30 and ... to my office. (to get on, to come, to go)
5. At the office I ... till 7 p.m. (to be)

6. In the evening I like to watch TV, but yesterday I ... into my favourite armchair and ... a book (to sit down, to read)

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Вставил верный глагол в 6 предложениях.
4	Вставил верный глагол в 5 предложениях.
3	Вставил верный глагол в 4 предложениях.

Задание №5

Задание 1. Вставьте глагол в Past Simple.

a)... he go to the technical school yesterday?

1. to do; 2. did; 3. does; 4. do.

b) ... you students last year?

1. am; 2. was; 3. were; 4. are;

c) you like this book?

1. to do; 2. did; 3. does; 4. do

d)..... she work at the factory last year?

1. to do; 2. did; 3. does; 4. do

e) What ... you watch on TV last night?

1. to do; 2. did; 3. does; 4. do

f) ... it cold yesterday?

1. am; 2. was; 3. were; 4. are.

Задание 2. Запишите английские предложения, содержащие правильный перевод русских.

a) Я ходил в техникум.

1) I am going to the technical school. 2) I go to the technical school. 3) I was going to the technical school. 4) I went to the technical school. 5) I shall go to the technical school.

b) Вы читали английские книги?

1) Did you read English books? 2) Will you read English books? 3) Were you read English books? 4) Do

you read English books? 5) Are you read English books?

с) Он не работал на фабрике.

1) He is not working at the factory. 2) He will not at the factory. 3) He does not at the factory. 4) He was not at the factory. 5) He did not at the factory.

d) Она учила английский язык.

1) She studied English. 2) She studies English. 3) She will study English.

e) Этот студент хорошо переводил английские тексты?

1) Will this student translate English texts well? 2) Is this student translating an English text? 3) Did this student translate English texts well? 4) Do they translate English texts well?

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Выполнил правильно 10-11 предложений.
4	Выполнил правильно 8-9 предложений.
3	Выполнил правильно 6-7 предложений.

Задание №6

Что означает следующая международная авиационная аббревиатура?

AC, ACI, APY, ATC, CA, DC, CBR, DF, FMS, HLD, TBO, VTOL.

Самолет с вертикальным взлетом и посадкой, служба управления воздушным движением, переменный ток, постоянный ток, пеленгатор, международный совет аэропортов, гражданская авиация, межремонтный ресурс, система получения помощи по описанию неполадки, система управления полетом, средства механизации крыла, вспомогательная силовая установка.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Перевел верно 10-12 сокращений.
4	Перевел верно 7-9 сокращений.
3	Перевел верно 5-6 сокращений.

Задание №7

Прочитайте и переведите текст.

JOINING STRUCTURAL PARTS OF AIRCRAFT

Modern aircraft consist of many thousands of different structural parts which have to be joined by some appropriate means. Sheet-metal workers join sheets of metal to the ribs by riveting. The worker drills a hole in the metal with a pneumatic or electric drill, puts in a rivet and finally joins the structural parts together using a riveting machine.

Glueing is another efficient and cheap way of joining sheets of metal and composite materials to the structural parts of aircraft. Glued joints are widely used in small-size aircraft construction.

But the most widely used way of joining structural parts of modern aircraft is, of course, welding. Most aviation metals are perfectly weldable due to modern welding technique. Welding is also used for repairing broken or damaged parts of aircraft. Special types of precision welding, such as electron beam or laser beam welding, are used for joining small mechanical and electrical elements of the avionic equipment.

Words:

Appropriate-подходящий;

To join- соединять;

To rivet-клепать;

Rib-нервюра крыла;

Structural parts-элементы конструкции;

To drill-сверлить;

To glue-клеить;

Welding-сварка;

Precisionточный;

Avionic equipment-радиоэлектронное оборудование.

Задание. Дополните предложения

1. The main ways of joining structural elements are...
2. Pneumatic and electric drills are used for...
3. The main duties of sheet-metal workers are...
4. Glueing is another efficient and cheap way of...
5. The best way of joining structural parts of modern aircraft is...

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно дополнил 5 предложений в соответствии с логикой, термины выучил.
4	Верно дополнил 4 предложения в соответствии с логикой, термины выучил.
3	Верно дополнил 3 предложения в соответствии с логикой, термины выучил.

Задание №8

Выберите правильный вариант ответа

1) January is (cold) than May

- a) most cold;
- b) colder;
- c) the coldest.

2) Text I is (difficult) than text II

- a) difficulter;
- b) more difficult;
- c) the most difficult.

3) It is (hot) today than yesterday

- a) more hotter;
- b) hottest;
- c) hotter.

4) This book is (interesting) than film

- a) more interesting;
- b) the most interesting;

c) interesting.

5) He spends (little) time on English than other students

a) littler;

b) more little;

c) less.

6) England is (small) than Russia

a) smaller;

b) more small;

c) the smallest.

7) The weather today is (good) than yesterday

a) the best;

b) gooder;

c) better.

8) Your house is not so (new) as mine.

a) newer;

b) new;

c) the newest.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно выбрал 8 прилагательных.
4	Верно выбрал 6-7 прилагательных.
3	Верно выбрал 4-5 прилагательных.

Задание №9

Вставьте подходящее вопросительное местоимение

1. _____ 's his name? a) When b) How c) What d) Where
2. _____ old are you? a) Who b) How c) What d) Where
3. _____ are you from? a) When b) How c) What d) Where
4. _____ is your house? a) Where b) How c) What d) When
5. _____ subjects do you do at school? a) Who b) How c) What d) Where
6. _____ do you like your technical school ? a) Why b) How c) What d) Where
7. _____ musical instruments does your brother play? a) Who b) How c) What d) Where
8. _____ does he usually get up? a) Where b) How c) What d) When
9. _____ often do you go to the cinema? a) Who b) How c) What d) Where
10. _____ 's her address? a) Where b) How c) What d) When

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно вставил вопросительное слово в 10 предложениях.
4	Верно вставил вопросительное слово в 8-9 предложениях.
3	Верно вставил вопросительное слово в 6-7 предложениях.

Задание №10

Откройте скобки и поставьте глаголы в правильную форму.

1. He (go) out when the weather (get) warmer.
2. I (wait) for you until you (come) back from school.
3. I am afraid the train (start) before we (come) to the station.
4. We (go) to the country tomorrow, if the weather (to be fine).
5. We (not pass) the exam next year if we (not work) hard.
6. If you (not drive) more carefully you (have) an accident.
7. You (be) late if you (not take) a taxi.

8. We (not to have) dinner until you (come).

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	8 предложений выполнены верно.
4	6-7 предложений выполнены верно.
3	5 предложений выполнены верно.

Перечень практических заданий:

Задание №1

Переведите предложения, обращая внимание на модальный глагол should:

1. They should visit her, she is in the hospital.
2. You should show your homework to the teacher.
3. She should be more attentive at the lesson.
4. You should enter the Institute.
5. They should help her.
6. He shouldn't stay at the office.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Перевел верно 6 предложений.
4	Перевел верно 5 предложений.
3	Перевел верно 4 предложения.

Задание №2

Переведите предложения с сравнительными конструкциями.

He is **as tall as** his brother.

This text is **as difficult as** that one.

Mary is **the same age as** Jane.

He is **not so tall as** his brother.

The problem is **not so simple as** it seems.

Your room is **twice as large as** mine.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно перевел 6 предложений.
4	Верно перевел 5 предложений.
3	Верно перевел 4 предложения.

Задание №3

Поставьте глагол в скобках в Present Perfect / Past Simple

1. Tom (go) to the cinema yesterday
2. John is playing a game of tennis. He (play) for 2 hours.
3. I (book) the tickets two weeks ago for the concert of classical music.
4. The teacher (speak) English since the beginning of this lesson.
5. I (to have) my breakfast.
6. He (to have) his breakfast an hour ago.
7. The Smiths (to invite) us to dinner last Saturday.
8. They (to invite) many guests to their Christmas party.
9. We (to buy) a lot of things, put them into the fridge.
10. She (to be) to London a lot of times.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Правильно выполнил 10 предложений.
4	Правильно выполнил 8-9 предложений.
3	Правильно выполнил 5-6 предложений.

Задание №4

Вставьте глаголы, данные в скобках, в страдательном залоге

1. I ... always ... presents on my birthday (to give);
2. This poem by Pushkin (to write);
3. New blocks of flats every year (to build);

4. The telegram yesterday (to send);
5. The window before the lesson (to open);
6. New school next year (to build);
7. What at the market at this season of the year (to sell);
8. This exercise at the last lesson (to do);
9. The seaside by many people (to visit).

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно вставил глаголы в 9 предложениях.
4	Верно вставил глаголы в 7-8 предложениях.
3	Верно вставил глаголы в 5-6 предложениях.

Задание №5

Прочитайте и переведите текст.

Техобслуживание ЛА

Airplanes are prepared for flight by ground personnel. These are the people who maintain aircraft. Every flight of a modern jet liner must be very thoroughly prepared by its ground crew. The ground crew of an aircraft are maintenance engineers, technicians, mechanics and other specialists who test, maintain and repair aircraft's major parts and systems. The maintenance engineer must know the whole of his aircraft very thoroughly. He tells his technicians and mechanics what and how to do in each case of trouble. Different aircraft parts and systems require different aviation specialists for their maintenance. The ground crew usually work at the aircraft parking place and do only minor repairs. Engine overhauls and major repairs of aircraft are done by specialists in the overhaul hangar.

Задание. Продолжите предложения, исходя из содержащейся в тексте информации:

1. В состав наземного экипажа входят...
2. Обязанностями наземного экипажа являются...
3. Инженер по эксплуатации должен...

Оценка	Показатели оценки

5	Понял четко содержание текста и верно выполнил задание.
4	Понял содержание текста и выполнил задание не полностью.
3	Понял содержание текста неточно и допустил неточности в задании.

Задание №6

Вставьте в диалог следующие оценочные фразы: It's great! What a nice car! Wonderful! I'm happy! Really? Glad to see you!

I see.

-Hello, Max!!

-Hello! Nice to see you too!

-I passed exams! I'm a clever boy!

-Congratulations!... ..!

-And I bought a car!

-...? Is it Toyota? What color is it?

-It's red.

-... Come and see my new car!

-Is it a second hand car?

-No, it's new!

...! Are you happy?

-Yes, I am.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Использовал верно 6 оценочных фраз в соответствии с содержанием диалога.
4	Использовал верно 5 оценочных фраз в соответствии с содержанием диалога.
3	Использовал верно 4 оценочных фразы в соответствии с содержанием диалога.

Задание №7

Прочитайте и переведите текст. Выполните задание.

Su-30 is the best fighter

The Su-30 is a two-seater supersonic fighter of fourth generation which can be refueled in flight. The aircraft was developed in the design bureau named after Sukhoi and since 1992 it is in series production in Irkutsk Aircraft Production Association.

The aircraft is designed to fulfill the following combat missions:

- to get over modern air defense means;
- to destroy fighters of the enemy which defend the target zone;
- to intercept the aircraft of the enemy in the altitude range of 30 meters to 17-18 km at speed of 1300 km/h near ground and 2500km/h at high altitude;
- to escort the aircraft the aircraft at altitudes and speeds of escorted aircrafts;
- to bomb against ground targets including small-size moving objects.

The Su-30 fighter has integrated configuration where the fuselage and wing of the aircraft form a single lifting construction, a large internal space for electronic equipment and the fuel system containing 9,5 tones of fuel in the fuel tanks.

The refueling in flight increases the time of flight and range of action of the aircraft. The aircraft can be used for combat and training purposes.

fighter	- истребитель;
supersonic	- сверхзвуковой;
generation	- поколение;
to refuel	- дозаправиться;
to develop	- разрабатывать;
to destroy	- уничтожить;
to intercept	- перехватывать;
enemy	- противник;
altitude	- высота;
fuel	- топливо;
fighter	- истребитель;
to increase	- возрастать, увеличиваться;
target	- цель, мишень;
increase	- увеличивать;
purpose	- цель.

Подберите русские эквиваленты к английским выражениям:

a two-seater fighter	- средство обороны;
supersonic	- высота;
generation	- двухместный истребитель;
defense means	- сверхзвуковой;
altitude	- поколение;
target	- цель;
equipment	- внутреннее помещение;
integrated configuration	- в учебных целях;
internal space	- интегрированная конфигурация;
training purposes	- оборудование.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно подобрал 10 эквивалентов.
4	Верно подобрал 8-9 эквивалентов.
3	Верно подобрал 6-7 эквивалентов.

Задание №8

Употребите **Present/Future Simple** в предложениях с придаточными условия и времени.

1. When you (to cross) the street look left and then right.
2. It (to take) you 10 minutes if you (to take) a taxi.
3. If you (to turn) the corner you (to see) the house in front of you.
4. He (to catch) the train if he (to hurry).
5. We (to walk) if there (to be) no bus.
6. As soon as you (to get) my letter, (to send) me some money.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно выполнил 6 предложений.
4	Верно выполнил 5 предложений.
3	Верно выполнил 4 предложения.

Задание №9

Вставьте модальные глаголы: can, may, must.

1. He ... speak English at his lesson.

- a) can;
- b) may;
- c) must.

2. I ... drive a car.

- a) can;
- b) may;
- c) must.

3. Now you ... go home.

- a) can;
- b) may;
- c) must.

4. We ... swim.

- a) can;

b) may;

c) must.

5. You ... buy tickets.

a) can;

b) may;

c) must.

6. They ... dance and sing.

a) can;

b) may;

c) must.

7. You ... do it now.

a) can;

b) may;

c) must.

8. He ... work hard at his English.

a) can;

b) may;

c) must.

9. ... I speak to you?

- a) can;
- b) may;
- c) must.

10. You ... wait here.

- a) can;
- b) may;
- c) must.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно вставил 10 модальных глаголов.
4	Верно вставил 8-9 модальных глаголов.
3	Верно вставил 6-7 модальных глаголов.

Задание №10

Сравните Present Simple и Present Progressive. Вставьте правильную форму глагола.

1. The telephone ... now.

1. to ring; 2. ring; 3. is ringing; 4. rings

2. We ... to the technical school every morning.

1. goes; 2. is going; 3. are going; 4. to go; 5. go

3. Look! The sun ... now.

1. to shine; 2. shines; 3. are shining; 4. shine; 5. is shining; 6. am shining

4. I ... an English book now.

1. to read; 2. is reading; 3. reads; 4. read; 5. am reading; 6. are reading

5. My sister ... to read.

1. to like; 2. likes; 3. like.

Оценка	Показатели оценки

5	Выбрал правильную форму глагола в 5 предложениях.
4	Выбрал правильную форму глагола в 4 предложениях.
3	Выбрал правильную форму глагола в 3 предложениях.