

**Контрольно-оценочные средства для проведения текущего
контроля
по СГ.02 Иностранный язык в профессиональной
деятельности
(2 курс, 4 семестр 2026-2027 уч. г.)**

Текущий контроль №1 (30 минут)

Форма контроля: Контрольная работа (Опрос)

Описательная часть: Письменная контрольная работа.

Задание №1 (10 минут)

Образуйте новые слова при помощи словосложения.

Man, proof, hot, class, children, paper, post, news, first, red, school, water.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Образовано 6 слов.
4	Образовано 5 слов.
3	Образовано 4 слова.

Задание №2 (20 минут)

Вставьте подходящее вопросительное местоимение для образования специального вопроса:

1. _____'s his name? a) When b) How c) What d) Where
2. _____ old are you? a) Who b) How c) What d) Where
3. _____ are you from? a) When b) How c) What d) Where
4. _____ is your house? a) Where b) How c) What d) When
5. _____ subjects do you do at school? a) Who b) How c) What d) Where
6. _____ do you like your technical school ? a) Why b) How c) What d) Where
7. _____ musical instruments does your brother play?
a) Who b) How c) What d) Where
8. _____ does he usually get up? a) Where b) How c) What d) When
9. _____ often do you go to the cinema? a) Who b) How c) What d) Where

10. 's her address? a) Where b) How c) What d) When

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	10 вопросительных слов вставлено верно
4	7-9 вопросительных слов вставлено верно
3	5-6 вопросительных слов вставлено верно

Текущий контроль №2 (45 минут)

Форма контроля: Контрольная работа (Опрос)

Описательная часть: Письменная контрольная работа.

Задание №1 (5 минут)

Выполните задание на модальные глаголы и их эквиваленты:

1. *Укажите предложение, в котором глагол «to have» является модальным:*

- a) We shall have a party tomorrow.
- b) We have invited our friends.
- c) We'll have to prepare for the party.
- d) I hope we'll have a good time.

2. *Определите, в каком из предложений глагол «to be» является модальным:*

- a) She is a secretary.
- b) She is in the office now.
- c) She is working.
- d) She is to start work at 9 tomorrow.

3. *Определите, в каком из предложений глагол «to have» является модальным:*

- a) She has a lot of work today.
- b) She has to do a lot of work today.

c) She has done a lot of work today.

4. *Выберите правильный модальный глагол:*

1) He ... speak three foreign languages.

a) Can

b) May

c) Must

2) You ... work hard at your English if you want to know it.

a) Can

b) May

c) Must

3) You ... not go out, the lesson is not over yet.

a) Can

b) May

c) Have

4) He ... be in this room.

a) Must

b) Is

c) Has

5. *Выберите правильный вариант ответа:*

1) Must I come tomorrow? – No, you

a) Mustn't

b) Can't

c) Needn't

2) May I invite my friend to the party? – Yes, you

a) Can

b) May

c) Must

6. Выберите правильный модальный глагол:

1) You feel bad, you ... see a doctor.

a) Needn't

b) Should

c) Can

2) I ... walk, there is a bus going there.

a) Needn't

b) Mustn't

c) Can't

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно выполнены 6 заданий
4	Верно выполнены 5 заданий
3	Верно выполнены 4 задания

Задание №2 (5 минут)

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

1) January is (cold) than May

- a) most cold
- b) colder
- c) the coldest

2) The 22-nd of December is (short) day of the year

- a) the shortest
- b) more short
- c) shorter

3) Text I is (difficult) than text II

- a) difficulter
- b) more difficult
- c) the most difficult

4) She is my (good) friend

- a) goodest
- b) better
- c) best

5) It is (hot) today than yesterday

- a) more hotter
- b) hottest
- c) hotter

6) The Alps are (high) mountains in Europe

- a) the most high

b) the highest

c) higher

7) This book is (interesting) than film

a) more interesting

b) the most interesting

c) interesting

8) He spends (little) time on English than other students

a) littler

b) more little

c) less

9) England is (small) than Russia

a) smaller

b) more small

c) the smallest

10) Ann is (young) in her family

a) younger

b) the youngest

c) the most young

11) The weather today is (good) than yesterday

a) the best

b) gooder

c) better

12) Moscow underground is (beautiful) in the world

a) beautifulest

b) the most beautiful

c) more beautiful

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно выполнено 12 предложений
4	Верно выполнено 8-11 предложений
3	Верно выполнено 6-7 предложений

Задание №3 (5 минут)

Переведите предложения с сравнительными конструкциями.

He is **as tall as** his brother.

This text is **as difficult as** that one.

Mary is **the same age as** Jane.

He is **not so tall as** his brother.

The problem is **not so simple as** it seems.

Your room is **twice as large as** mine.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно переведено 6 предложений
4	Верно переведено 5 предложений
3	Верно переведено 4 предложений

Задание №4 (5 минут)

Выберите правильную степень прилагательного:

1. It is the day of my life.

a) happy b) happier c) happiest

2. It is very today

a) hot b) hotter c) hottest

3. The twenty-second of December is the day in a year.

a) short b) shorter c) shortest

4. The Neva is than the Moskva River.

a) deep b) deeper c) deepest

5. It is the day of the year.

a) cold b) colder c) coldest

6. A plane is than a train.

a) fast b) faster c) fastest

7. Moscow is the city in Russia.

a) large b) larger c) largest

8. He is the pupil in our class.

a) worst b) bad c) baddest

9. My new car is than my old one.

a) good b) gooder c) better

10. This test is than that one.

a) difficult b) difficulter c) more difficult

11. Siberia is than Spain.

a) more colder b) colder c) cold

12. She is than her sisters.

a) taller b) more tall c) tallest

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно выбраны 11-12 прилагательных
4	Верно выбраны 8 -10 прилагательных
3	Верно выбраны 6-7 прилагательных

Задание №5 (5 минут)

Соотнесите английские предложения с русскими:

- 1) She may come.
- 2) She couldn't come.
- 3) She must come.
- 4) She had to come.
- 5) She shouldn't come.
- 6) She'll be able to come.
- 7) She needn't come.
- 8) She isn't allowed to come.

- a) Ей можно не приходить.
- b) Ей можно придти.
- c) Ей не следует приходить.
- d) Она должна придти.
- e) Она не могла придти.
- f) Она сможет придти.
- g) Ей не разрешают придти.
- h) Ей пришлось придти.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно выполнены 8 предложений
4	Верно выполнены 6-7 предложений
3	Верно выполнены 5 предложений

Задание №6 (10 минут)

Прочитайте текст и подготовьте сообщение, используя предлагаемую лексику.

LAKE BAIKAL

Baikal is one of the most beautiful lakes in the world. It is in the heart of Asia. It is twice as large as lake Ladoga. The area of this lake as large as Belgium or Holland.

Baikal is 636 (six hundred and thirty-six) kilometres long, from 25 (twenty-five) km to 79 (seventy-nine) km wide and 1,741 (one thousand seven hundred and forty-one) m deep. It is the deepest lake in the world.

Baikal has much water, its volume of water is more than the volume of the Baltic Sea. The water of Baikal is cold. It is colder than water of many other Siberian lakes. The scenery around its shores is as beautiful as that of the Caucasus. The climate here is colder than the climate of the Caucasus.

Do you know that more than 300 (three hundred) rivers flow into this lake and only one river, the Angara, flows out? This river carries a tremendous volume of water, it is very powerful and deep, and has a very strong current, much stronger than the current of the Volga. That is why the Angara freezes later than lake Baikal.

Слова и словосочетания для запоминания.

Asia	Азия
heart	сердце
area	площадь, территория
Siberian	Сибирский
climate	климат
to flow into/out	впадать/вытекать (о реке)
to freeze	замерзать
powerful	могучий
beautiful	прекрасный
volume	объем
current	течение
twice	дважды
shore	берег
mountain	гора
twice	дважды, два раза, вдвое

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Сообщение точно отразило содержание.
4	В сообщении допущены 2 лексические ошибки.
3	В сообщении допущены 3 грамматические ошибки.

Задание №7 (10 минут)

Модальные глаголы в инструкциях по технике безопасности

should-следует;

advice-совет;

goggles -защитные очки;

grind - шлифовать;

a chisel-долото, стамеска;

a bare wire-оголенный провод;

a helmet -шлем;

petrol-бензин;

a screwdriver-отвертка;

a match -спичка;

to explode-взрывать;

workshop-цех,мастерская;

ladder-стремянка, приставная лестница.

Задание 1. Прочитайте и переведите текст.

TEXT

Accident report (Объяснительная)

Fred had an accident yesterday- he cut his head badly. He is in hospital now. What happened was this. He took the metal ladder and put it next to the door of the main door of the workshop(which was closed, but not locked), and climbed the ladder. While he was repairing the electric cable, someone opened the door and walked into the workshop. The door hit the ladder, and the ladder fell over. Fred fell from the ladder onto the floor and cut his head on a drilling machine.

Задание 2. Перефразируйте предложения, используя модальные глаголы.

Example:

1. You must always wear goggles when you grind a chisel.(RULE)

2. You should clean your tools and your working place. (ADVICE)
3. This is a rule: switch off the electricity before you touch a bare wire.
4. Here is a rule: do not smoke near petrol.
5. This is some advice: never use a screwdriver for opening tins.
6. This is a rule: never do any welding without a helmet or goggles.

Задание 3. Найдите окончание предложений, запишите их полностью. Вы получите очень важные правила техники безопасности.

Rules of safety

1. Don't smoke near petrol tank! The petrol might explode!
2. Don't use a metal ladder near electrical wire
3. When you use a drilling machine, don't hold the workpiece with your hand
4. Don't use a grinder without guard and goggles
5. Don't strike a match in a dark room.
 - a) It might be petrol or gas in the room.
 - b) The petrol might explode!
 - c) because you might get shock.
 - d) because a piece of metal might go in your eye!
 - e) because you might cut your hand.

Оценка	Показатели оценки
5	Верно выполнено 3 задания.
4	Верно выполнено 2 задания.
3	Верно выполнено 1 задание.